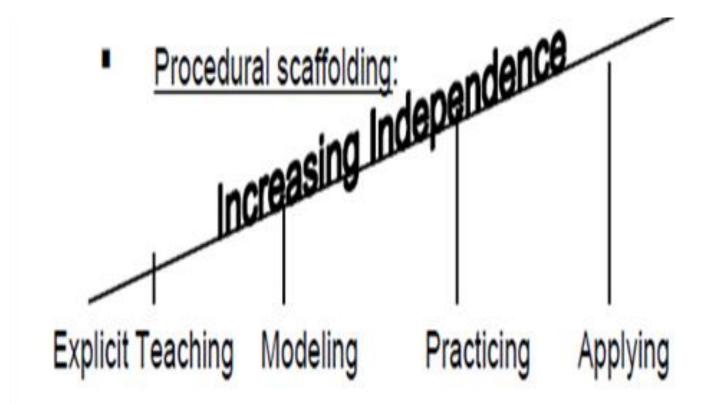
# Scaffolding



What learners can do today with support, they can do alone tomorrow Vygotsky



CLIL TIMES by PINETRO IT SEEMS TODAY DURING THE ENGLISH CLASSIDOM, WENT DOWN!

As with a lot of things the starting point should be a consideration of who your students are

The biggest mistake in teaching is to treat all children as if they were variants of the same individual and thus to feel justified in teaching them all the same subjects in the same way.

H. Gardner

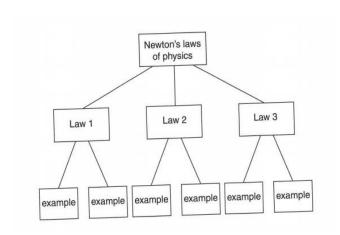
## How can we provide scaffolding?

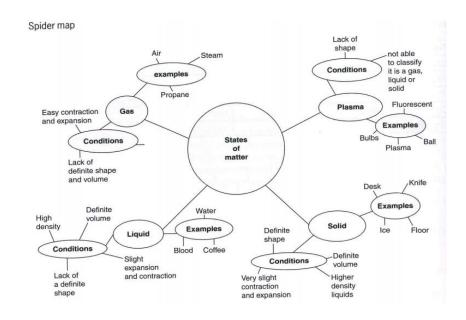
- Create interest activate prior knowledge
- Break tasks into smaller chunks/steps
- Provide support to scaffold input and output
  - before tasks pre-teach language vocabulary
    - use visuals / realia to introduce concepts
    - demonstrate/ model tasks
  - during tasks add in word banks, glossaries,
    - substitution tables, writing frames
    - use models for production
  - after tasks provide constructive feedback

#### **SCAFFOLDING TECHNIQUES:**

### Visual organisers

provide scaffolding for many types of input, including supporting reading and listening texts.





# Reading materials can be adapted to include support -

- Headings inserted
- Use of different fonts, colours, boxed or underlined etc to highlight important information.
- Definitions or explanations added
- Diagrams added
- Visuals included
- Glossaries included
- Visual organisers included to highlight important information

### **Speaking activities** can be scaffolded with

- Pre teaching concepts using visuals, realia etc
- Activating prior knowledge brainstorming completing mindmaps / KWL tables
- Using a lead in to create interest
- Modelling activities
- Giving ample preparation time before the tasks
- Encouraging the use of speaking frames

■ We're thinking of	
A MAN-MADE OBJECT	
and I are thinking of a man-made object that is about as big as	
It is	_
When you touch/hold this object it feels	
It is made of	-
You would probably find it in	
It is used for	_

shape bodies also
protect divided well Joints cells
protect divided Functions marrow
support influences sections
skeletons movement important sport
producing skeleton column
density flex move strength parts
Skeletons rotate
blood spine body

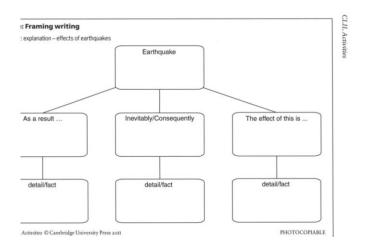
# Speaking frames

#### Box 4.12: Speaking frames An example for a PE lesson on long jump run up too slow unsteady too early take off too late with the wrong foot Your is too high position in the air not high enough on one foot good landing excellent fine perfect

### Writing tasks can be scaffolded using

- Pre teach language
- Brainstorm ideas mindmaps
- Model texts to examine and use for guidance
- Encouraging process writing planning, drafting, editing
- Encouraging the use of writing frames sentence starters, useful

phrases etc



Box 5.6g: Framing writing	
History: discussion – Hitler's reasons fo	r annexing Austria
1: What were the different reasons for G	Germany annexing Austria? Complete each box.
Personal reasons	Political reasons
Economic reasons	Cultural reasons
	easons. Write your reasons out in sentences.
Firstly, there were personal reasons. The	ese were
Firstly, there were personal reasons. The	ese were
Firstly, there were personal reasons. The Next, there were political reasons. Thes	e were
Firstly, there were personal reasons. The Next, there were political reasons. Thes Then there were economic reasons. The Lastly, there were cultural reasons. The	ese were e were ese were se were
Hitler annexed Austria for a number of re Firstly, there were personal reasons. The Next, there were political reasons. Thes Then there were economic reasons. The Lastly, there were cultural reasons. Thes The most important of these reasons is	ese were e were ese were se were

### **Writing frame**

			1
5.	Ħ	1	1
2		.%	ŧ.
2	ú	9	ĺ.

#### **Box 5.6c: Framing writing**

Maths: report describing the results of a graph about traffic

Learners have made a graph (histogram) which illustrates how many cars of different colours they have counted on the road near their school. Their task is to comment in writing in pairs on the graph they have made.

Our names: 1	
Title (write an interesting title here)	
On (date), we observed	
was (write here what you had to do)	
Here are our results. Firstly, we counted a total number ofcars. We noticed that	(write
something about percentages here)	
The results show the relative popularity of the colours. The most popular car colour is	
	opular
car colour is	
Other popular car colours are	
The most interesting thing that we noticed about the colour of the cars was	
bea	cause
What we found difficult about the activity was	

### What can scaffolding do?

- Engage / motivate the learners
- Provide a clear direction
- Keep learners on task
- Guide learners to useful resources
- Reduce surprise / uncertainty / disappointment / frustration
- Deliver efficiency help learners to work more efficiently / effectively
- Make learning more individualised